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Introduction and objective: bleeding assessment tools (BATs) are increasingly used to quantify bleeding tendency and to preselect patients for haemostatic evaluation. Normal values are available for adults and children, but not for adolescents/young adults.

The aim of this study was to establish reference values for young adults for the **Tosetto Bleeding Score (BS)**

Materials and methods: in educational buildings of the University of Groningen, The Netherlands, subjects aged 18-23 were administered the BS by trained medical students. A previously diagnosed bleeding disorder was the only exclusion criterion. We aimed to define 95% of the population as normal.



Figure 1: Distribution of bleeding scores

Bleeding Score: normal values for healthy young adults

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> **Results:** 328 subjects were included, with a mean age of 20.0 years. 40.2% were male, 75.6% were university students. Median BS was 1 (range -2 – 8). The distribution of scores is shown in Figure 1 (overall) and Figure 2 (males and females separately). A score of 4 or below described 95.1% of the population. For men, median BS was 1 with a range of 1-6. Cutoff was > 4 (97% scored 4 or below). For women, median BS was 1 with range -2 – 8. Cutoff was > 5 (96.4% scored 5 or below). Surprisingly, relatively high prevalences of muscle hematoma (13.7%) and hemarthrosis (7.3%) were reported. Most often, these were traumatic. The item 'minor wounds' was not very informative, with 77.7% of subjects scoring 1 point. Table 1 shows the points that were scored per category.

Category	Mean	Sum
Category	IVICAII	Juin
Bleeding from minor wounds	0.85	280
Epistaxis	0.41	134
Menorrhagia*	0.27	52
Cutaneous	0.16	51
Muscle haematomas	0.14	45
Oral cavity	0.08	27
Haemarthrosis	0.08	27
Gastrointestinal bleeding	0.05	17
Central nervous system bleeding	0.00	0
Postpartum haemorrhage*	-0.01	-1
Surgery	-0.12	-39
Tooth extraction	-0.20	-65

Table 1: Points scored per category (*calculated in women only

Conclusions

- bleeds, epistaxis and menorrhagia.
- adults from all ages.
- possible mild bleeding disorders.

women



Figure 2: Distribution of bleeding scores, males and females separately

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Young adults aged 18-23 from the general population report relatively high prevalences of bleeding symptoms, mainly for minor

For the Tosetto Bleeding Score, 95% of the population is best described by 4 or less points for males, and 5 points or less for females. This is higher than previously reported for both children and

These data are helpful when evaluating young adults referred for

In short, for young adults, Bleeding Score up to 4 is normal for men, and up to 5 is normal for