Speech-Language Pathologists' Knowledge, Attitudes & Experience of

Obstructive Sleep Apnea: An International Survey

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INTRODUCTION

Flinders

 Up to 78% of patients with obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) have dysphagia¹

STUDY AIM

 To evaluate speech-language pathologists (SLPs) knowledge, attitudes and experience of OSA

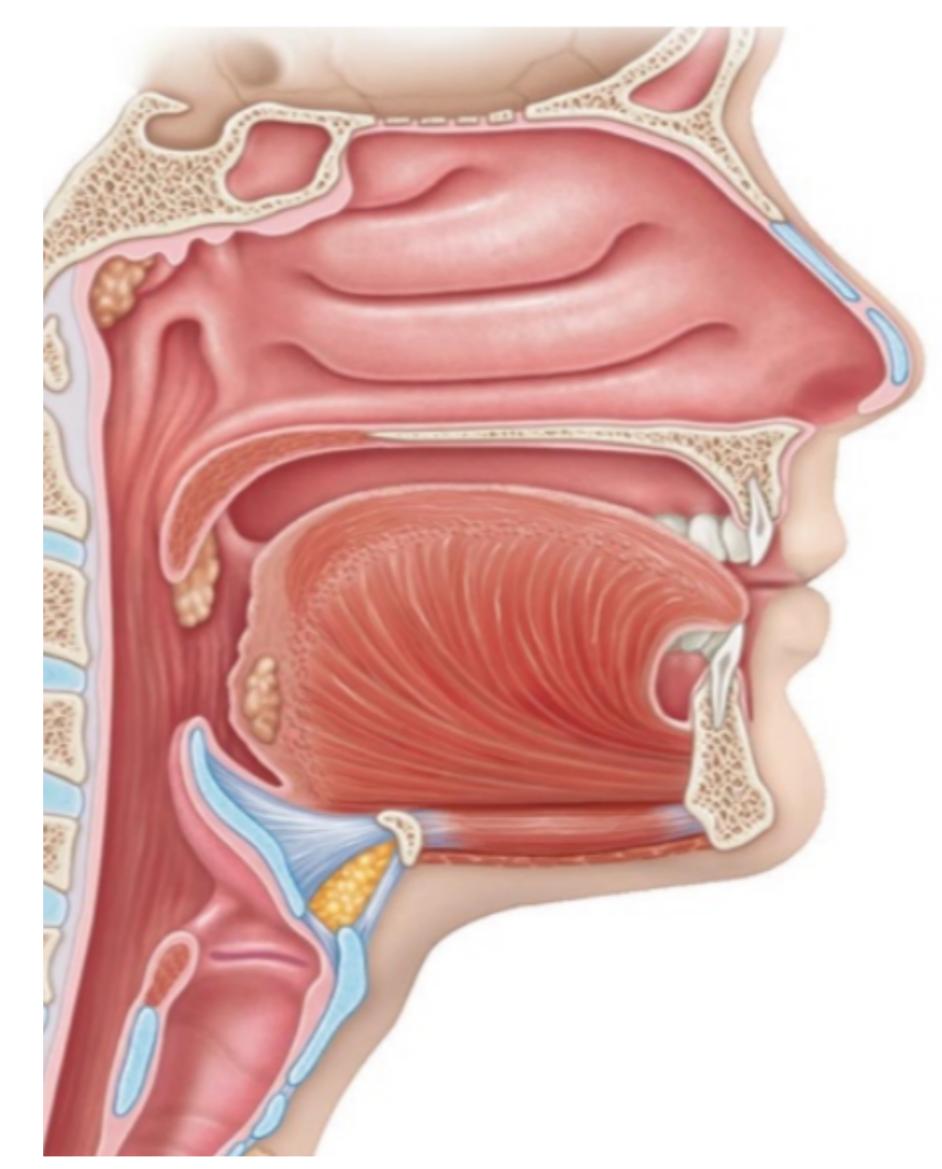
METHODS

 A validated questionnaire, Obstructive Sleep Apnea Knowledge and Attitudes (OSAKA)², was distributed to SLPs internationally via an online survey

QR code link to questionnaire:



Over half of SLPs reported patients with OSA on their caseload. Knowledge of OSA was limited.



There is an urgent need for education & training in OSA to support practicing SLPs.

RESULTS (n = 822 SLPs)

OSA Knowledge Score (mean, range):

- 55% (14-86%) correct responses

Attitudes - 88% felt OSA was important Experience:

- 51% had patients with OSA on their caseload
- 60% were referred for dysphagia services
- >50% did not feel confident in assessing or managing dysphagia in patients with OSA
- Experience had a significant effect on knowledge and attitude scores (p < 0.05)

CONCLUSION

- SLPs have patients with OSA on their caseload
- Knowledge of OSA is limited
- There is an urgent need to increase education and training in OSA for SLPs

