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UTILITY SCORES TO ASSESS QUALITY OF LIFE (QOL) IN PREVALENT HAEMODIALYSIS (HD) PATIENTS.

BACKGROUND & AIM

As chronic illness and comorbidity progressively replace acute life threatening disease, **QoL** is becoming an **increasingly important parameter** for evaluation **of quality of health care**. Different scoring systems are available:

- Scoring systems:
 - > Overall QOL vs. health related QOL
 - > Generic vs. Disease specific instruments
- Questionnaires:
 - > EuroQol (EQ5D): allows calculating quality adjusted life years, as often used in health economic analysis.
 - Patient Reported Oucomes Measurements Information System (PROMIS): allows comparison of a population to different reference populations.

Study Aim

We intended to assess EQ5D and PROMIS-29 in prevalent haemodialysis patients to assess QoL as compared to the general population and evaluate their concordance.

METHOD

Patients (N=121)

- > 74 males
- > Age: 67.7 ± 15.8
- Hospital, satellite and home dialysis units
- > Haemoglobin: 11.4±1.3g/dl

<u>Questionnaires</u>

▶ PROMIS-29 Anxiety Depression Fatigue

Pain interference
Physical function
Sleep disturbance
Satisfaction with participation in social roles

Ability to participate in social roles and

Mobility Self-care Usual activities Pain/discomfort Anxiety/depression Visual analogue scale (VAS): self-rated health 7 point Likert scale

Patient's health as compared to age matched population

QoL at the specific day of the interview

▶ Patients were surveyed by trained nurses to avoid selection bias▶ Data were collected and stored

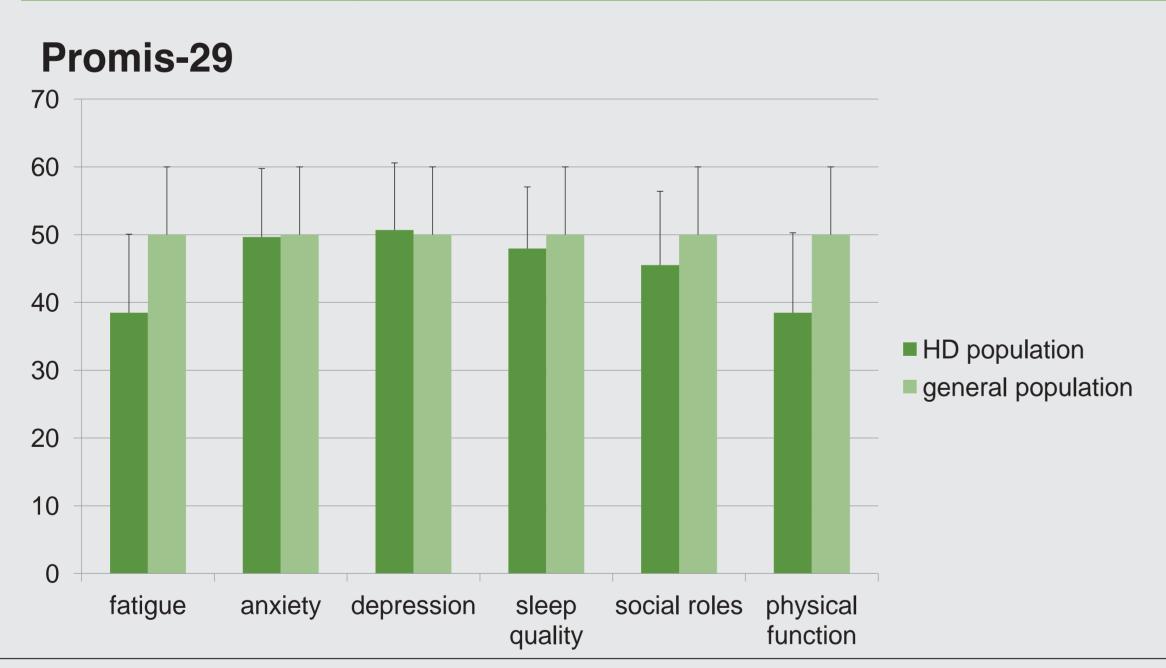
centrally using Survey-Monkey.

RESULTS

EQ5D results

	Small or no problem	Moderate problem	Severe problem
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Mobility	39.7	55.4	5.0
Self care	59.5	27.3	13.2
Usual activities	43.8	38.8	17.4
Pain/discomfort	0	49.6	50.4
Anxiety/depression	76.0	22.3	1.7

activities



- > EQ5D utility index (range:0-1): 0.44±0.26
- > Health compared to age matched population: 4.65±1.36
- > QoL at the specific day of the interview: 4.82±1.45
- > EQ5D VAS (range 0-100): 61.3±16.2

Correlation domain scores in Promis-29 versus EQ5D utility index

Domain	correlation
≻Physical function	0.28 (P=0.002)
> Fatigue	0.14 (NS)
≻Social role	-0.08 (NS)
> Anxiety	0.14 (NS)
≻ Depression	0.08 (NS)
≻Sleep	0.14 (NS)
➢ QoL	0.12 (NS)
> Health as compared to age matched population	0.08 (NS)
NS: not significant.	

CONCLUSION

- > Reported EQ5D utility in this population of prevalent HD patients is low.
- > No correlation between the subjective scores of HR and EQ5D utility index.
- > Both physical function (PROMIS-29) and mobility (EQ5D) are problematic.
- > Anxiety and depression are comparable to the general population.

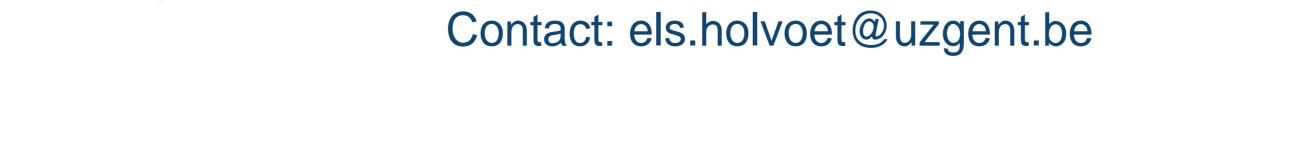


It can be hypothesised that **patients develop coping mechanisms** to
adapt to their new disease state.









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