

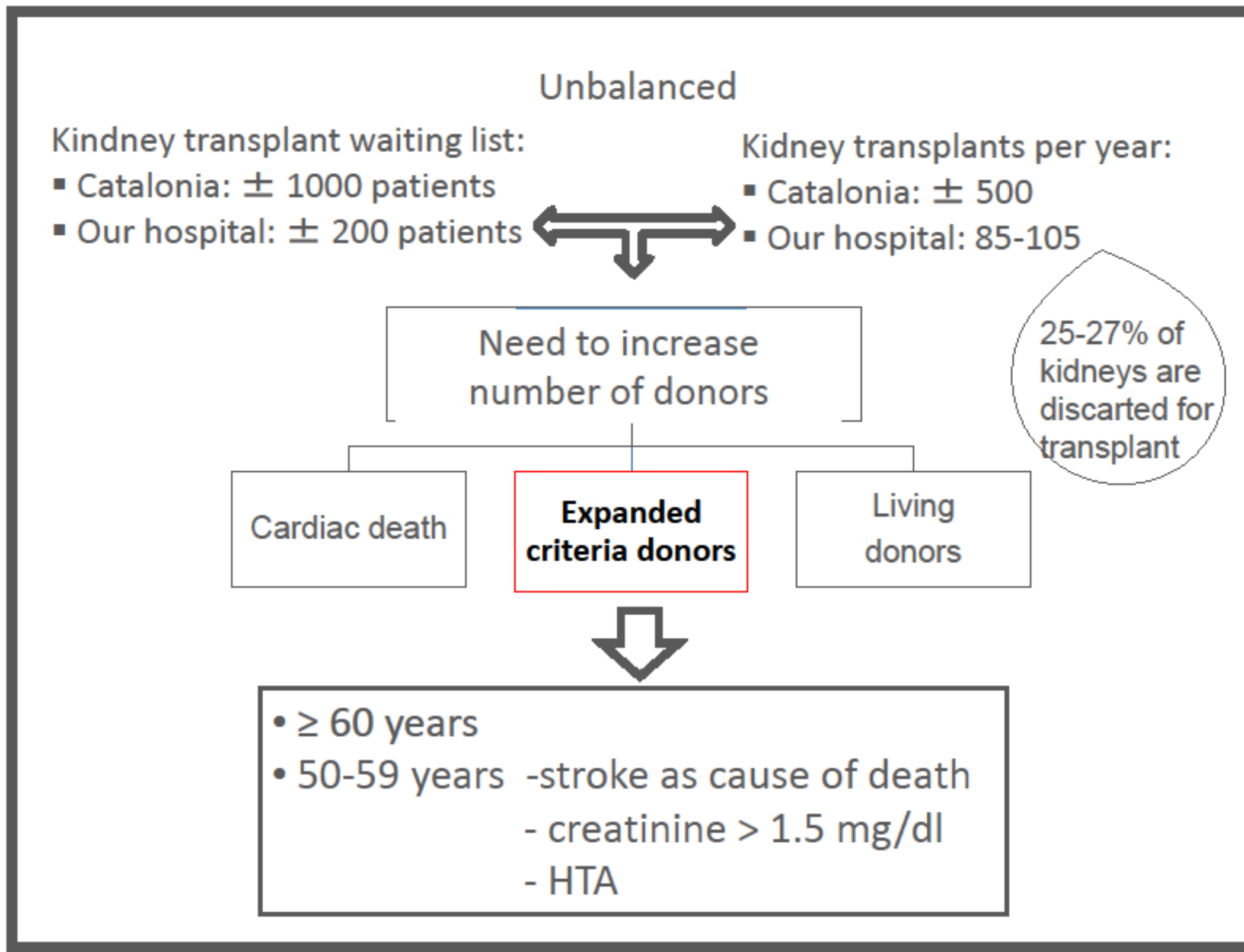
USEFULNESS OF KIDNEY PREIMPLANTATION BIOPSIES FROM DECEASED DONORS FOR KIDNEY TRANSPLANT ALLOCATION

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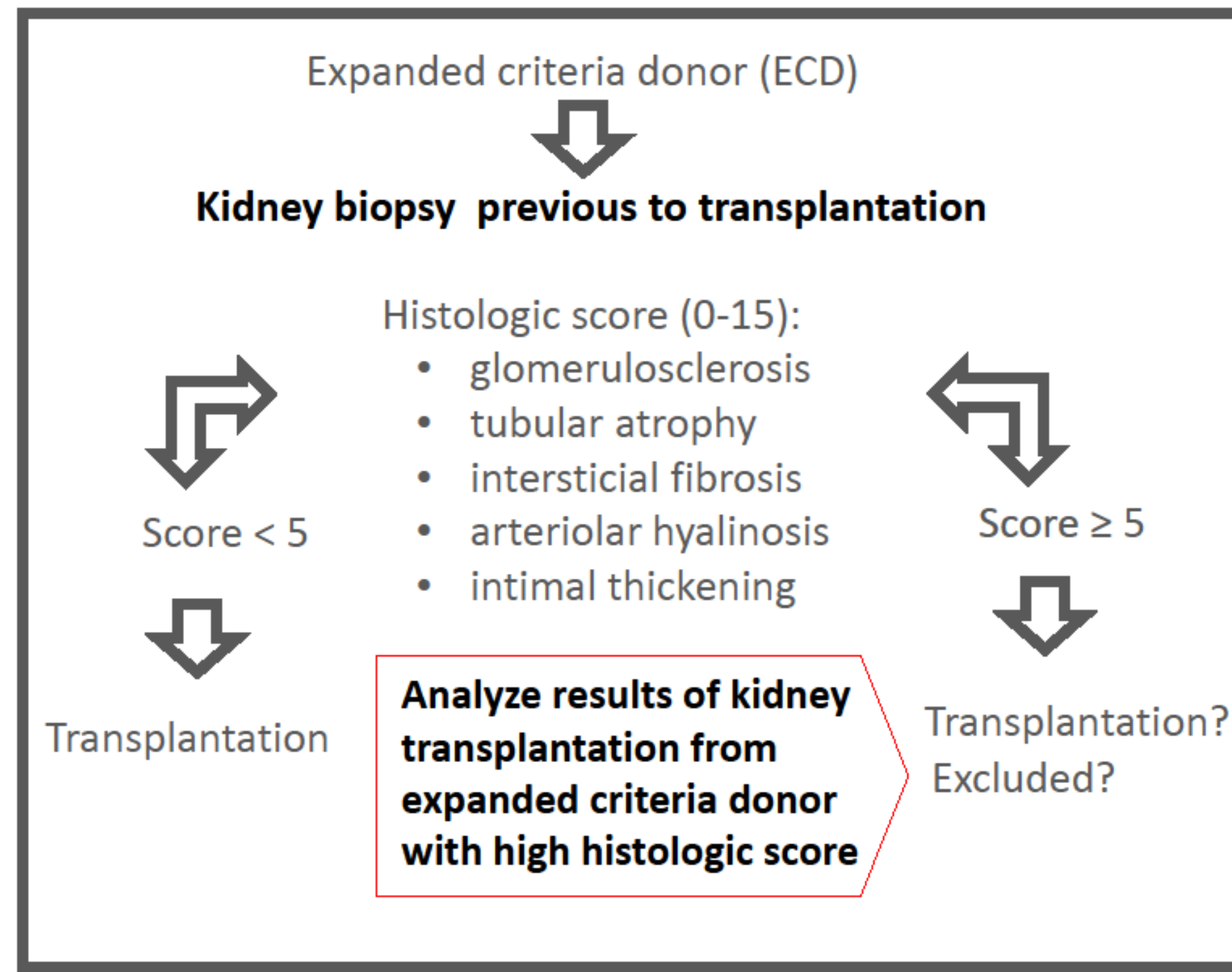
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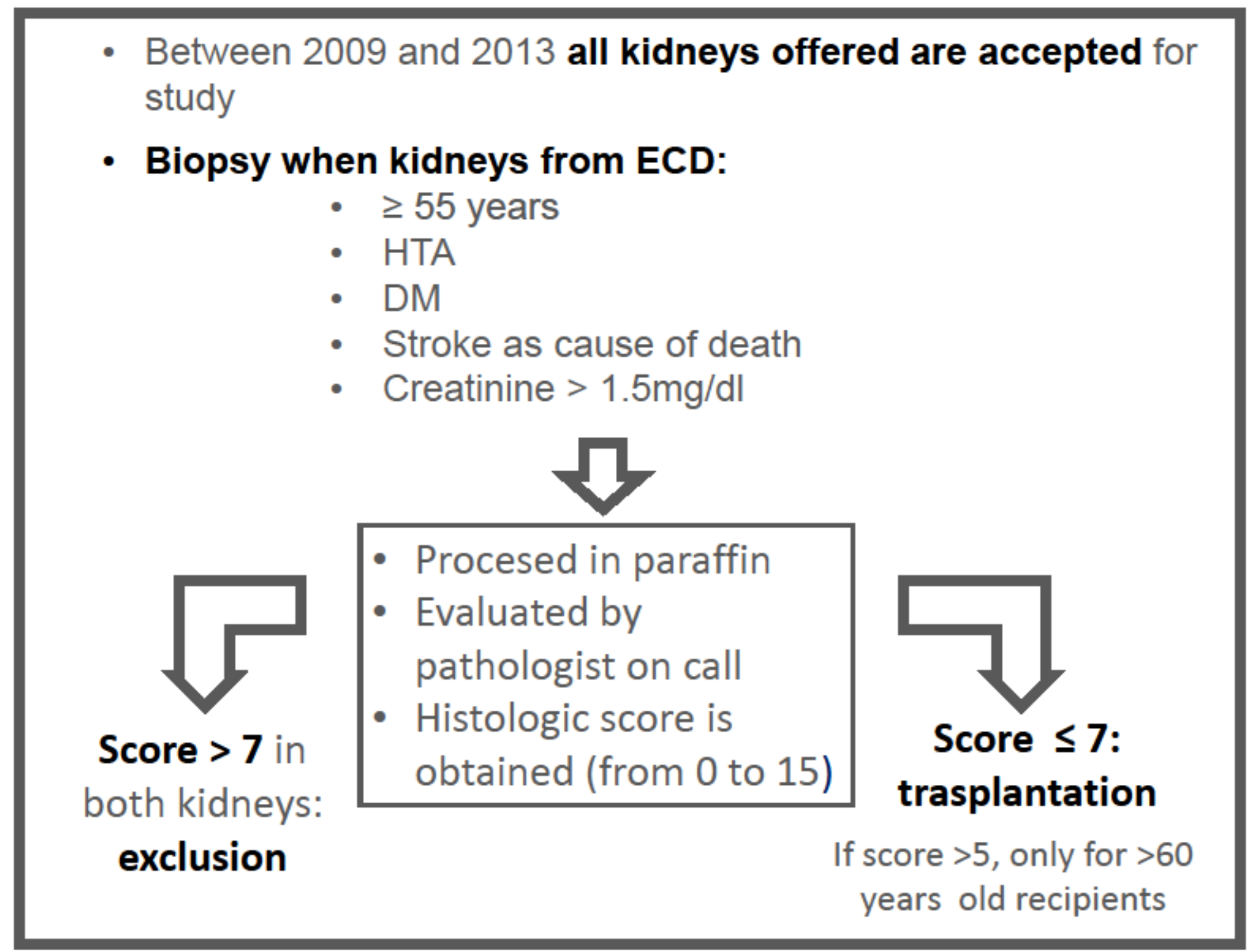
Introduction



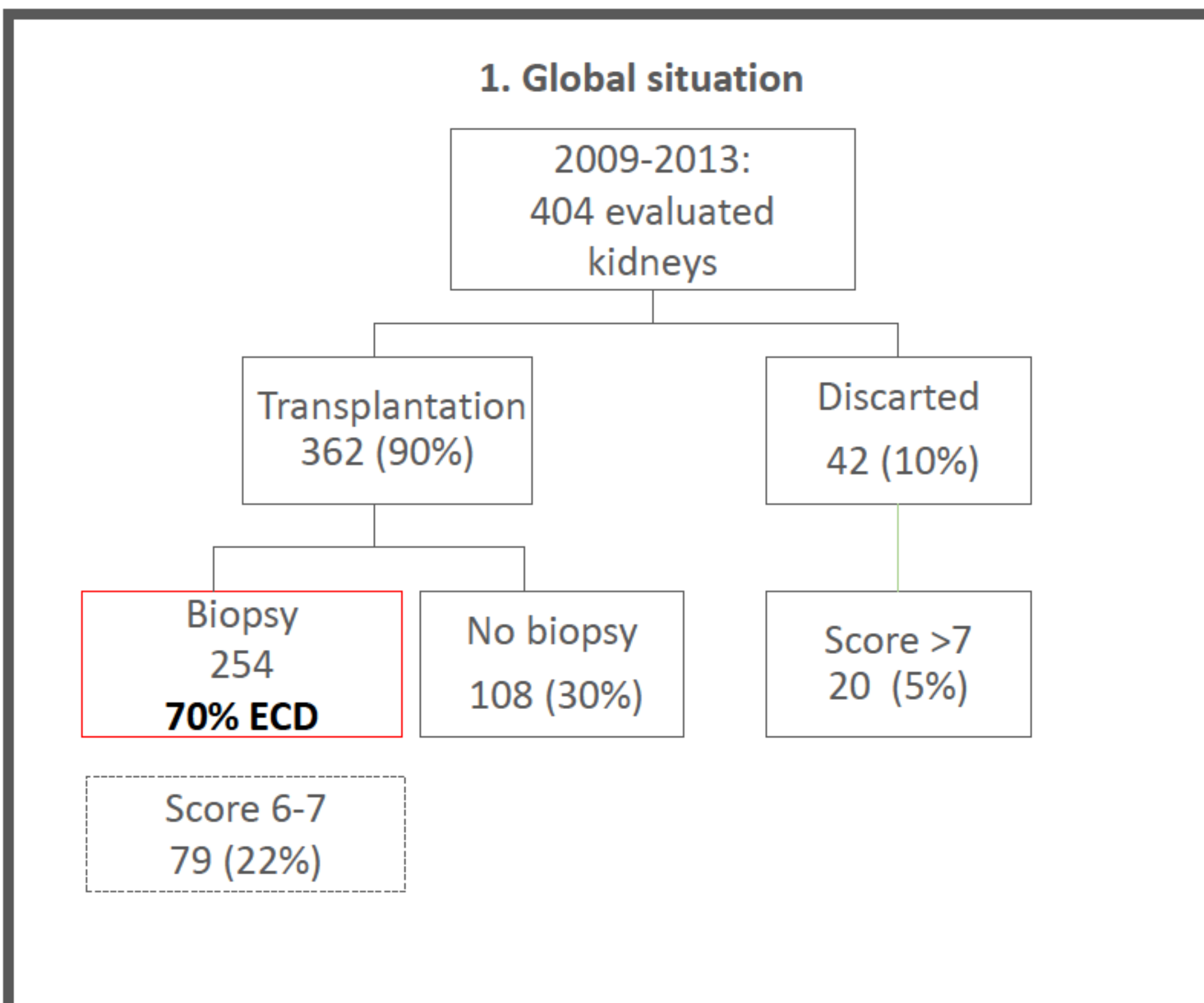
Aim



Patients and methods

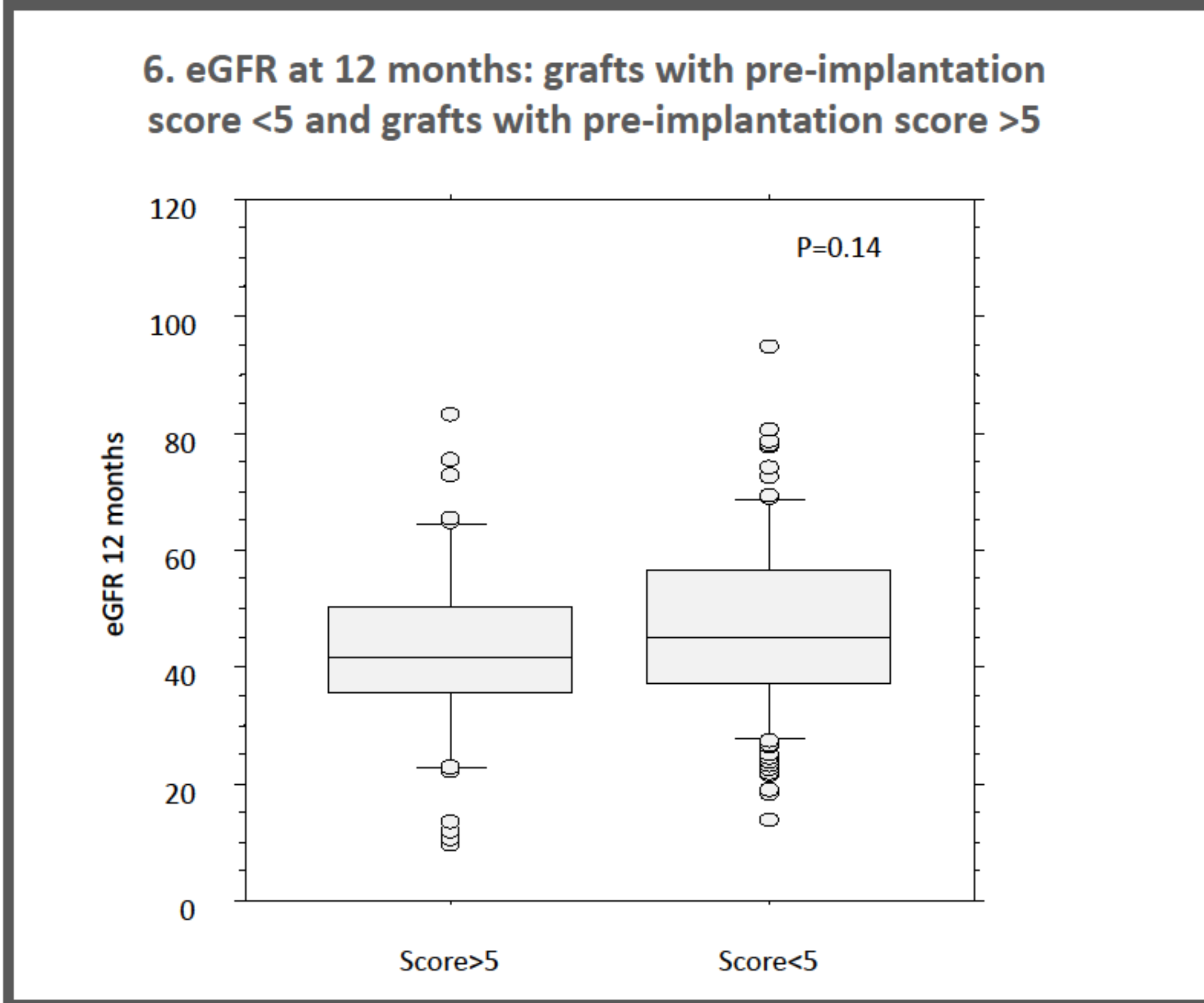
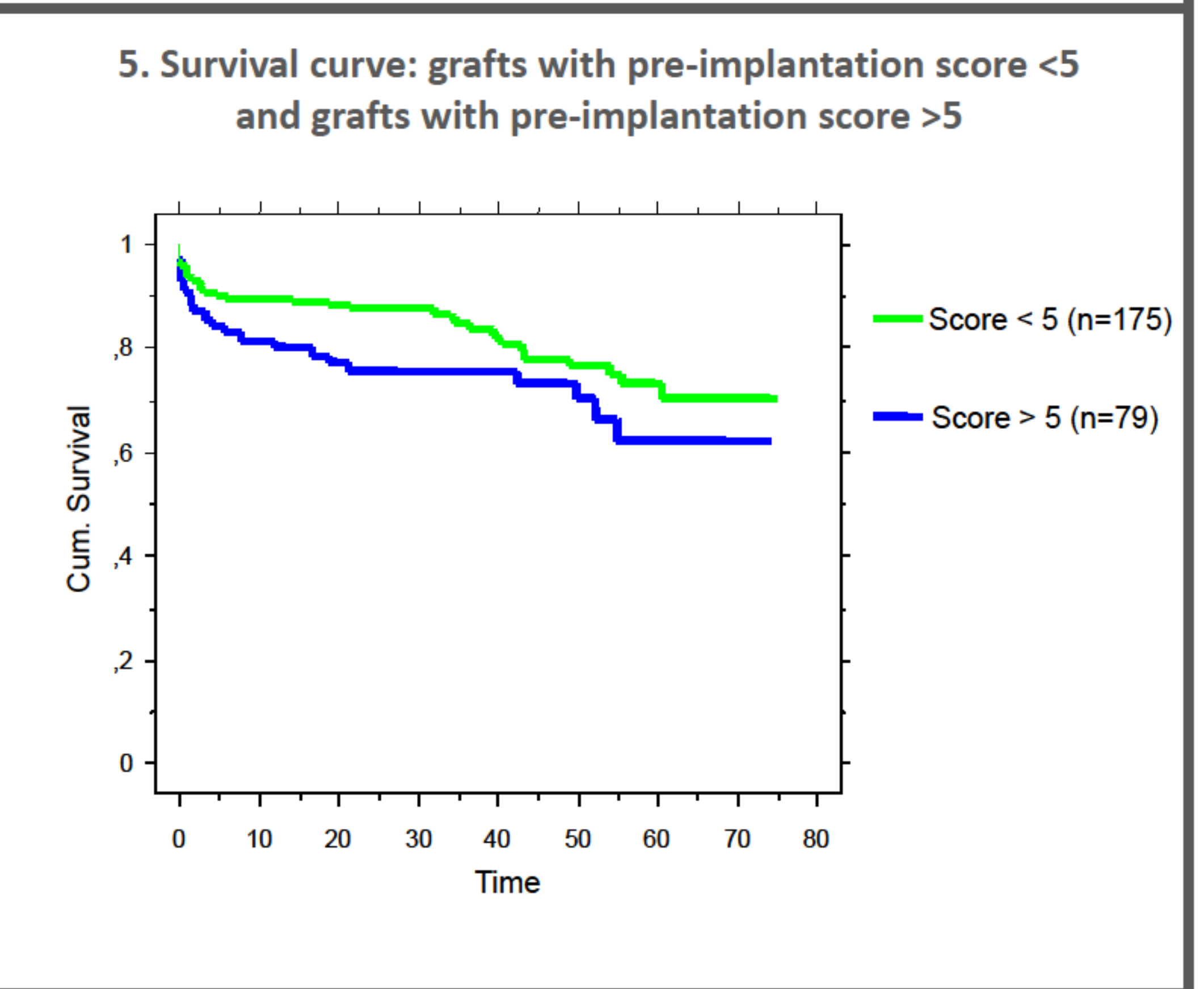
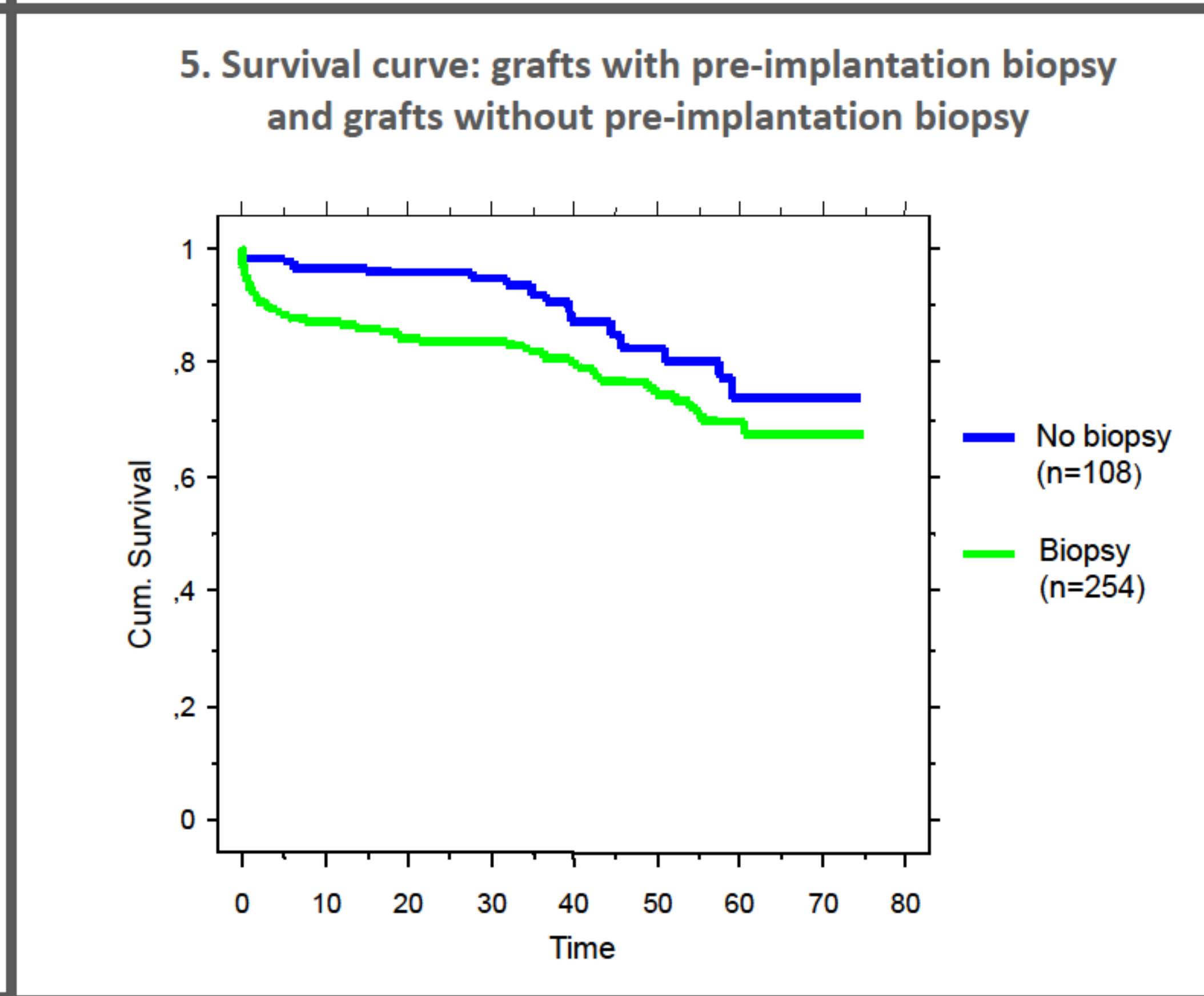
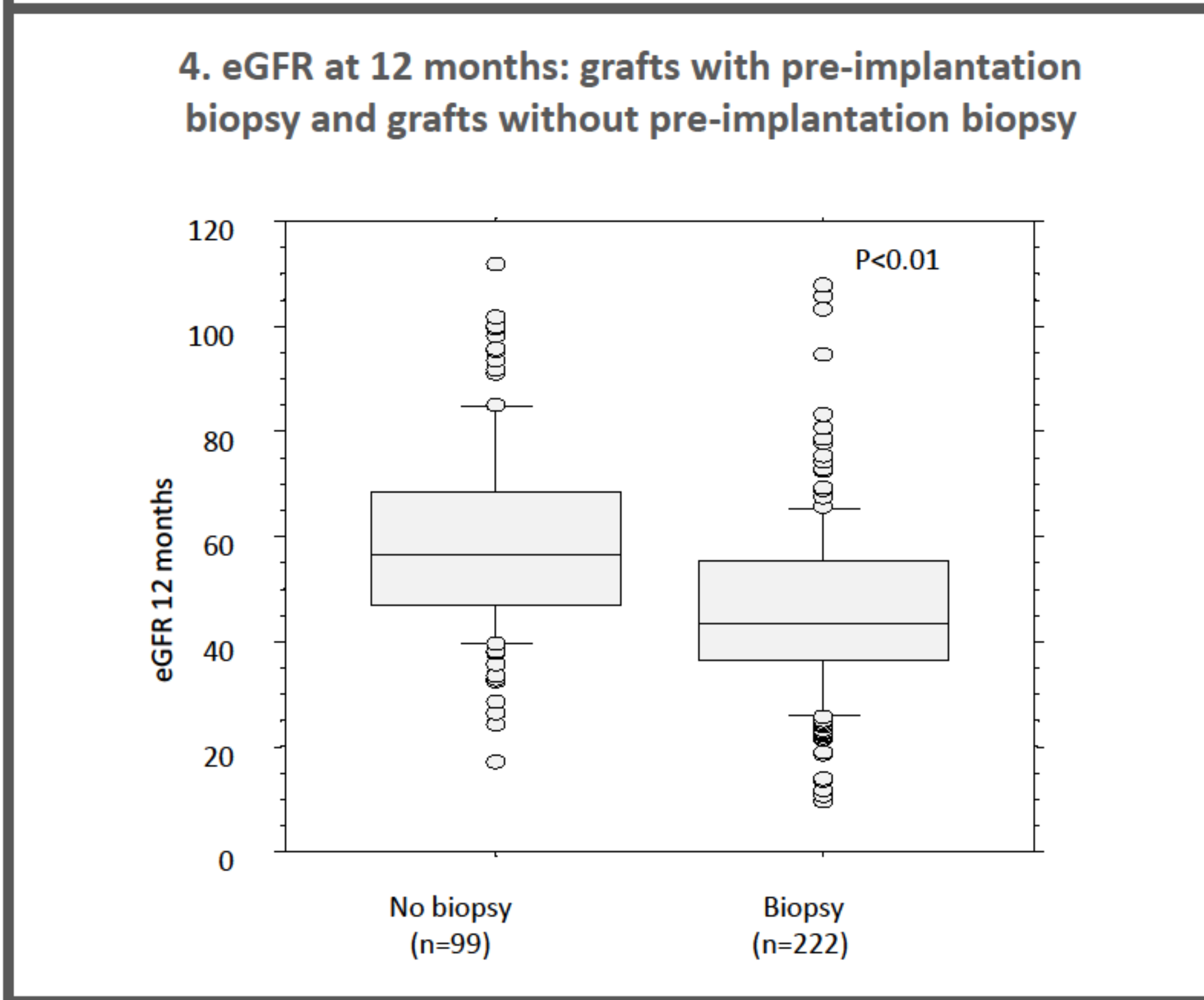
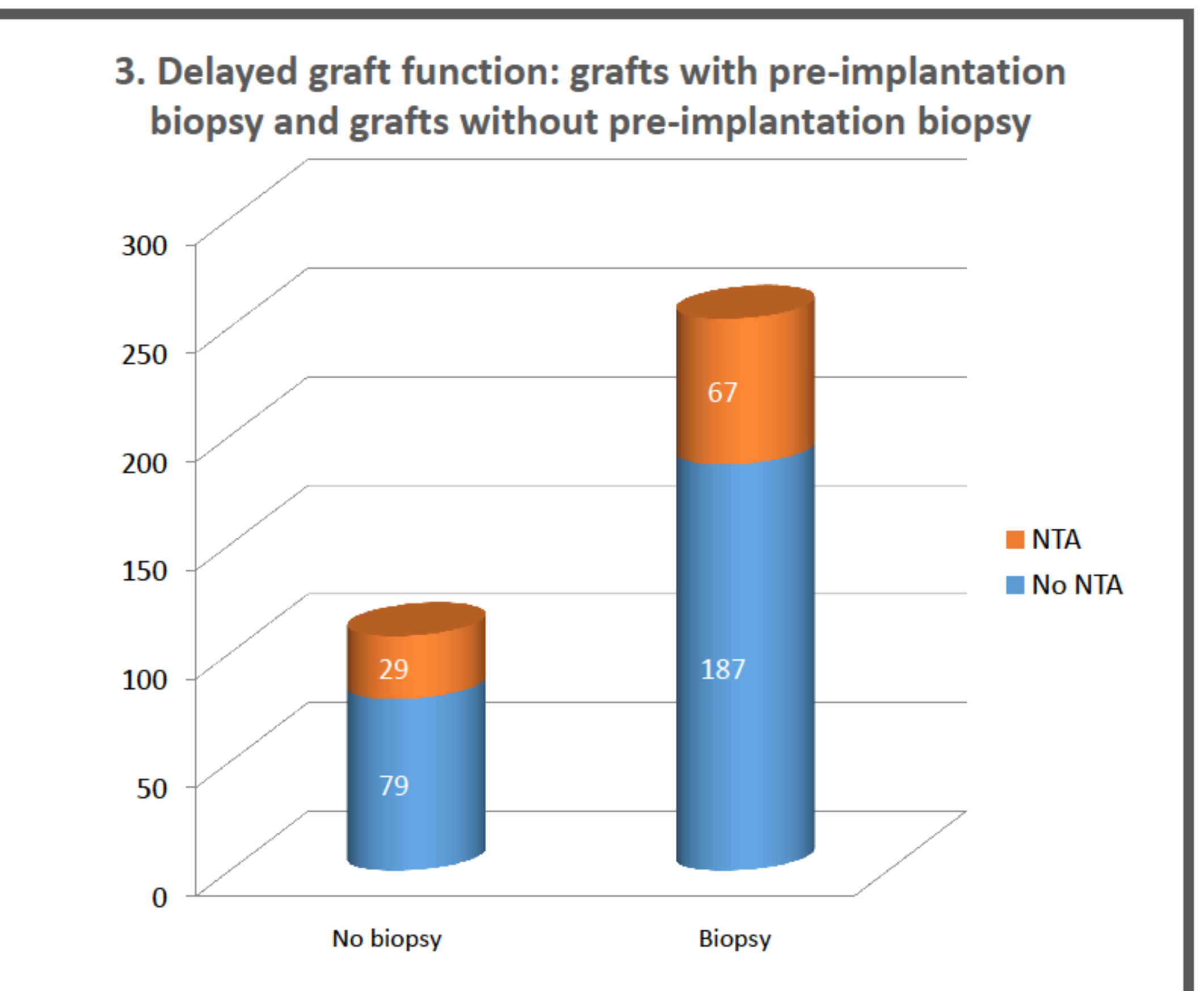


Results



2. Demographic data

Variable	No biopsy (n=108)	Biopsy (n=254)	p
Donor age	42.4 ± 16.9	61.2 ± 11.3	ns
Donor gender(m/f)	64 / 44	140 / 114	ns
Cause of death CET/stroke/anoxia/other	33 / 52 / 19 / 4	41 / 180 / 25 / 18	<0.01
HTA donor (no/yes)	94 / 14	91 / 163	ns
Diabetes donor (no/yes)	4 / 104	59 / 195	<0.01
CKD-EPI donor (mL/min)	94 ± 21	83 ± 23	<0.01
Recipient age	47.7 ± 14.5	61.1 ± 11.0	ns
Recipient gender(m/f)	69 / 39	162 / 92	ns



Conclusion

Careful evaluation and selection of kidneys from expanded criteria donors allows the reduction of rejected organs maintaining similar results in terms of graft survival and glomerular filtration

