Ultrasound Guided Percutaneous Renal Biopsy with Ultra Pro Needle Guide by Nephrologist Decreases Post Biopsy Complications

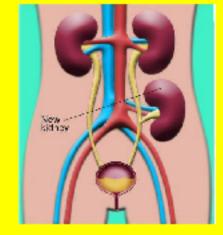


with renal diseases.

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➤With the use of real-time USG and automated biopsy needles the general safety and		Age (years)	35.52±15.49	35.95±15.7	
complication rate of the procedure have considerably improved. Nevertheless, renal biopsy can cause serious complications. However, the most recent advances with the use of Ultra pro needle guide may further improve the yield and decreased the complication rate.		Systolic blood pressure	120.76±6.05	120.76±6.7	
		Diastolic blood pressure	82.01±4.64	81.99±4.67	
		Hemoglobin (g/dl)	11.14±1.41	11.17±1.38	
		Platelet count	245.20±63.4	253.95±67.	
		INR	1.06 ± 0.11	1.05 ± 0.11	
Aim of Study ::		Sr. creatinine (mg/dl)	2.62±1.96	2.49±1.82	
To analyze the predictors and to compare the	To look for	eGFR	50.40±37.48	50.72±35.6	
biopsy yield and complications rate of USG	Comparison of biopsy yield and	No. of glomeruli	14.14±6.01	17.98±6.75	
guided percutaneous renal biopsy with using ultra	complication rate with use of Ultra Pro	Major complications	95(6.7%)	13(2.1%)	
pro needle guide by nephrologists themselves.	Needle Guide		f kidney biopsy are nephrotic syndrome		
	■Incidence of complication	dysfunctions 361 (16.9%), acute kidney injury in 152		152 (7.1%)	
	■Predictors of complication	acute on chronic kidney disease in 36 (1.7%), and multiple			
		➤Of all the 2138 patien	nts, 226 (10.5%) patients of	developed 1	

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Introduction

Renal biopsy is an indispensable tool in the diagnosis, prognosis and management of patients

Single tertiary centre prospective observational study. Study Design:

Study Period: April 2004 to March 2013

Study Population: Group A: Biopsy done without Ultra Pro needle guide between April

2004 to December 2010 (n=1510)

Group B: Biopsy done with ultra Pro needle guide between January

2011 to March 2013 (n=628)

Results
Demographic Profiles and Clinical characteristics

Characteristics	Total patients (mean±SD)	With major complication	Without major complication	p value
Number of patients	2138	108	2030	
Age (years)	35.65±15.56	31.97±15.92	35.84±15.52	.012
Systolic blood pressure (mmHg)	120.71±6.25	125.78±7.22	120.45±6.08	<0.001
Diastolic blood pressure (mmHg)	82±4.65	84.35±3.86	81.88±4.63	<0.001
Hemoglobin (g/dl)	11.14±1.40	10.11±1.77	11.20±1.35	<0.001
Platelet count (10 ³ /cmm)	247.12±65.43	213.71±85.19	248.89±63.75	<0.001
INR	1.05±0.13	1.11±0.12	1.05±0.12	<0.001
Sr. Creatinine (mg/dl)	2.58±1.92	4.03±2.26	2.51±1.87	<0.001
eGFR (ml/min)	50.50±36.95	32.13±31.01	51.47±36.99	<0.001
Sr. albumin (g/dl)	2.96±0.45	2.88±0.71	2.97±0.43	.064
No. of glomeruli	15.38±6.24	14.25±5.44	15.44±6.28	.053

Clinical characteristics between two groups				
Characteristics	First period Without ultra pro guide	Second period With ultra pro guide	P value	
Number of patients	1510	628		
Age (years)	35.52±15.49	35.95±15.73	0.56	
Systolic blood pressure	120.76±6.05	120.76±6.73	0.853	
Diastolic blood pressure	82.01±4.64	81.99±4.67	0.937	
Hemoglobin (g/dl)	11.14±1.41	11.17±1.38	0.558	
Platelet count	245.20±63.4	253.95±67.7	0.139	
INR	1.06 ± 0.11	1.05±0.11	0.146	
Sr. creatinine (mg/dl)	2.62±1.96	2.49±1.82	0.508	
eGFR	50.40±37.48	50.72±35.66	0.140	
No. of glomeruli	14.14±6.01	17.98±6.75	0.001	
Major complications	95(6.7%)	13(2.1%)	0.001	

e 950 (44.4 %), RPGN 491 (23%), graft %), nephritic syndrome in 117 (5.5%), myeloma 31 (1.4%)

➤Of all the 2138 patients, 226 (10.5%) patients developed 118 (5.4%) minor and 108 (5.1%) major complications. Only 13 (2.1%) major complications were observed during the second period while 95 (6.7%) major complication were observed in the first period (p < 0.001).

The mean number of glomeruli per biopsy was 17.98±6.75 during the second period was significantly greater than 14.14±6.01 glomeruli obtained during the first period. (P=0.004).

Odd ratios for post biopsy complication				
Complication during biopsy	With needle guide	Without needle	Odds ratio	P value
		guide	(95% CI)	
None +Minor	615	1415	3.04	
Major	13(2.1%)	95(6.3%)	(1.74-6.19)	0.001
Total	628	1510		

➤On Univariate analysis, systolic and diastolic blood pressure, serum creatinine, eGFR, haemoglobin, platelet count, coagulation profile, use of needle guide was significant predictors of major complications

➤On multivariate analysis, platelet count and INR lost the significance.

Cox regression analysis for predictors of complication
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Multivariate analysis

	Odds ratio	95%CI	P value
Systolic BP (per 10 mmHg)	1.10	1.07-1.15	< 0.001
Diastolic BP (per 10 mmHg)	1.09	1.04-1.15	< 0.001
eGFR (per 10 ml/min)	0.98	0.97-1.00	0.02
Sr. creat (per mg/dl)	1.42	1.20-1.69	< 0.001
Hemoglobin (per g/dl)	0.73	0.55-0.96	0.02
Platelet count (per 10 ³ /cmm)	0.99	0.99-1.00	0.09
INR (per 0.1 increase)	1.87	0.32-10.78	0.48
Ultra-pro needle guide (Vs no guide)	0.26	0.13-0.49	< 0.001

- Kidney biopsy complications are less if biopsy, USG and needle tracking with ultra pro needle guide are performed by nephrologists compared to biopsy performed by nephrologists with USG done by radiologist
- Ultra pro needle guide improves the yield and decreases complication



- Systolic and diastolic blood pressure, serum creatinine, eGFR, haemoglobin, platelet count and use of needle guide was significant predictors of major complications
- The optimal observation period post biopsy is 24 hours.

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