THE CALCIMIMETIC CALINDOL PREVENTS HIGH PHOSPHATE-INDUCED VASCULAR CALCIFICATION BY UPREGULATING MATRIX GLA PROTEIN

Paola Ciceri, Francesca Elli, Irene Brenna, Elisa Volpi, Diego Brancaccio, and Mario Cozzolino

Laboratory of Experimental Nephrology, Departement of Helath Sciences, University of Milan, Italy

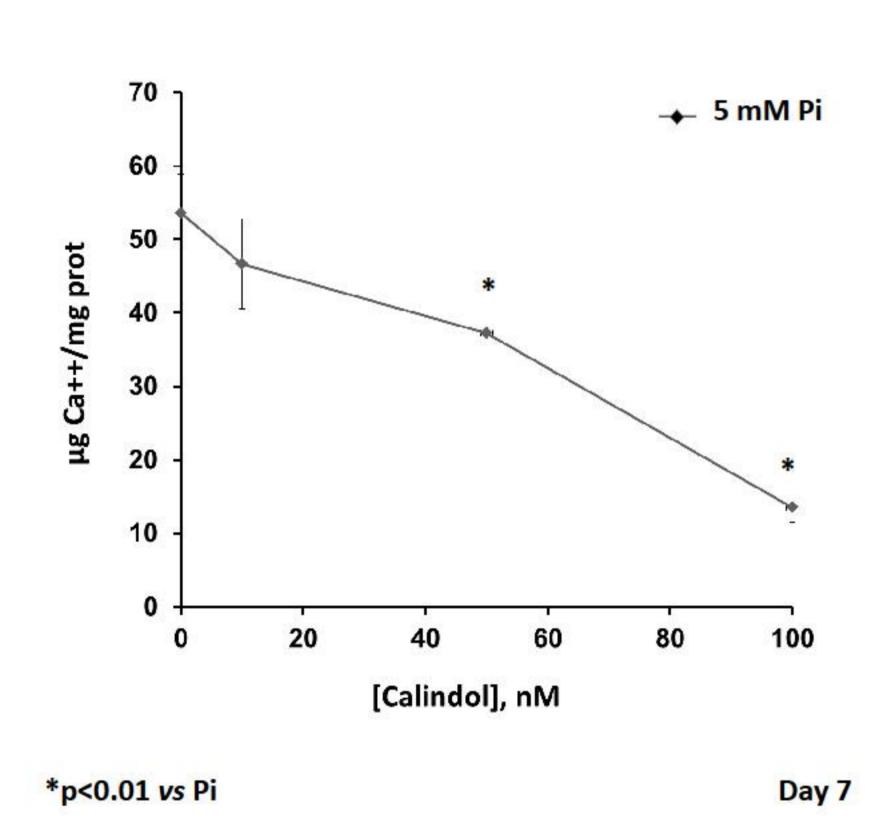
Background and Aim

- Calcimimetics are used to control secondary hyperparathyroidism and, potentially, to delay the progression of VC in dialysis patients
- VC, induced by high-phosphate and uremic milieu, is characterized by a passive deposition of calcium-phosphate (Ca-Pi) and an active transformation of vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMCs) in osteoblasticlike cells
- Several proteins promote or inhibit the phenotypical change of VSMCs towards osteoblastic-like cells.
- The aim of these in vitro studies was to investigate the direct effects of the calcimimetic calindol on the progression of high Pi-induced VC High serum phosphate (Pi) levels represent a major issue in dialysis patients, because associate with secondary hyperparathyroidism, vascular calcification (VC), and cardiovascular outcomes

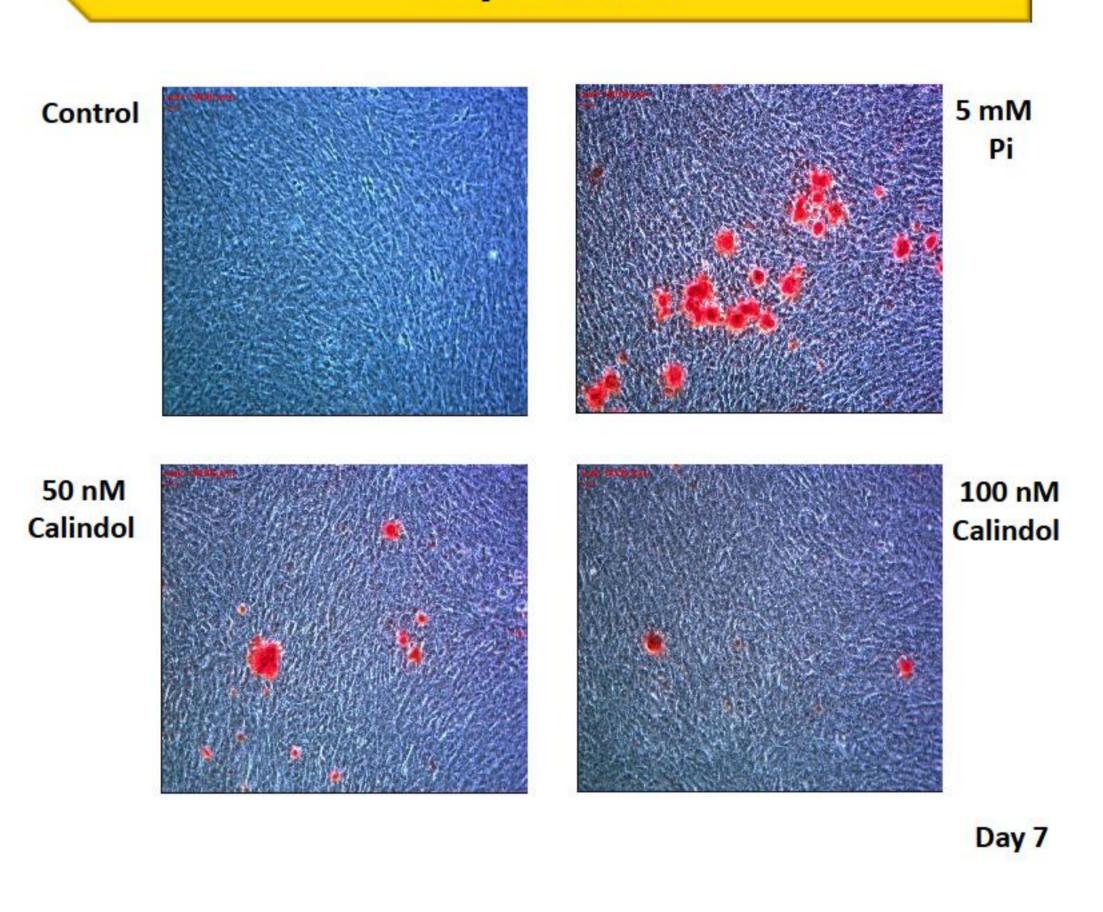
Materials & Methods

- Rat VSMCs were cultured and challenged with inorganic Pi (5mM) to induce calcification. (<u>Calcification medium</u>: DMEM high glucose,12% FBS, 10 mM sodium pyruvate, 100 U ml⁻¹ penicillin and 0.1 mg ml⁻¹ streptomycin and AA). Calindol were added 3 hours before Pi
- Ca deposition was evaluated by an histological analysis (Alizarin Red staining) and quantified by colorimetrical method (o-cresolphthaleine complexone) at day 7 of calcification
- α-actin, Smooth Muscle 22a (SM22a) and Axl protein content was analyzed by western blot separating 5, 1 or 50 mg of total protein by electrophoresis on SDS-polyacrylamide gel and transferred to PVDF membrane
- Total RNA was extracted and Bone Morphogenic Protein-2 (BMP-2), Core Binding Factor alpha-1 (Cbfa-1/RUNX2) and MGP mRNA expression was evaluated by TaqMan PCR using rat β-actin housekeeping gene

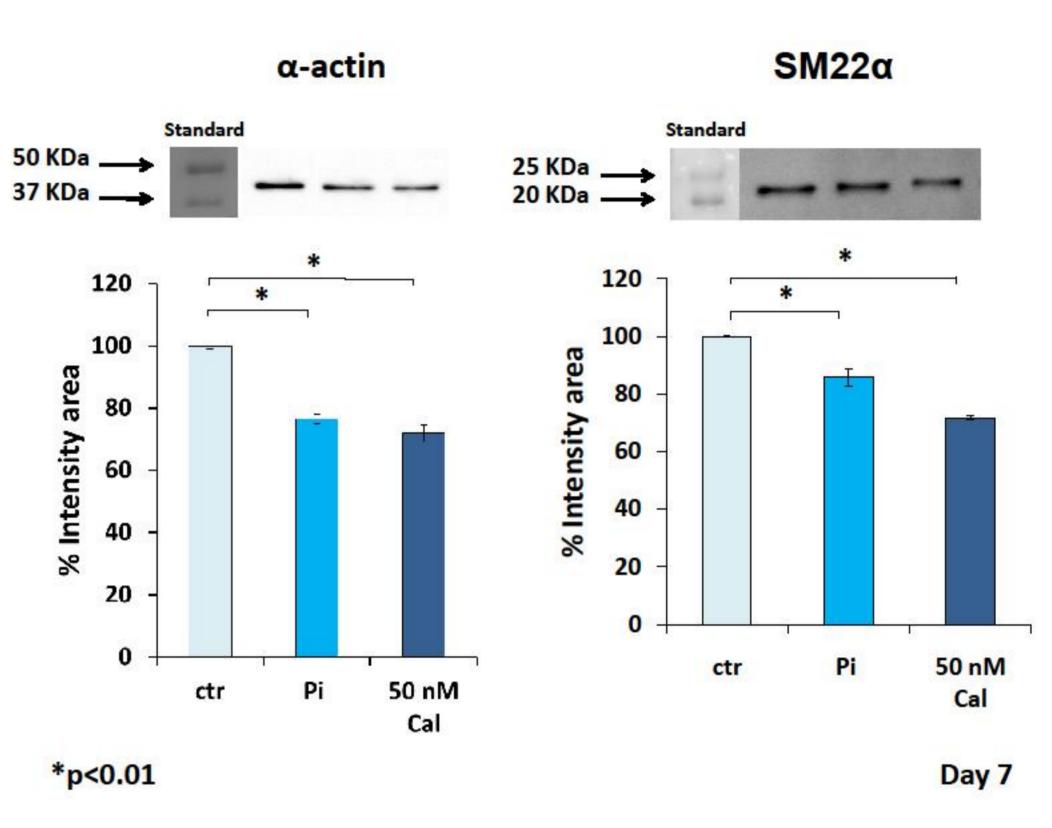
Increasing Concentrations of Calindol Prevent Calcium Deposition in VSMCs



Effect of Calindol on Calcium Deposition

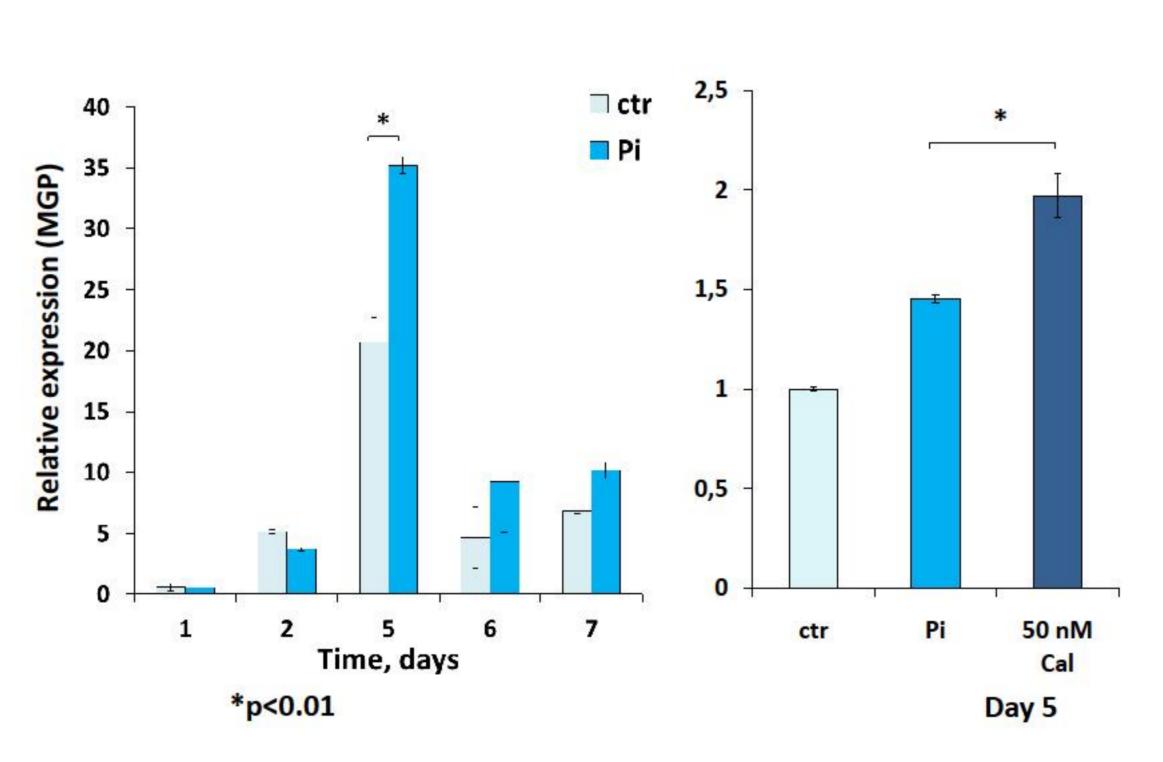


Calindol Does Not Prevent VSMCs Lineage Markers from Pi-induced Downregulation

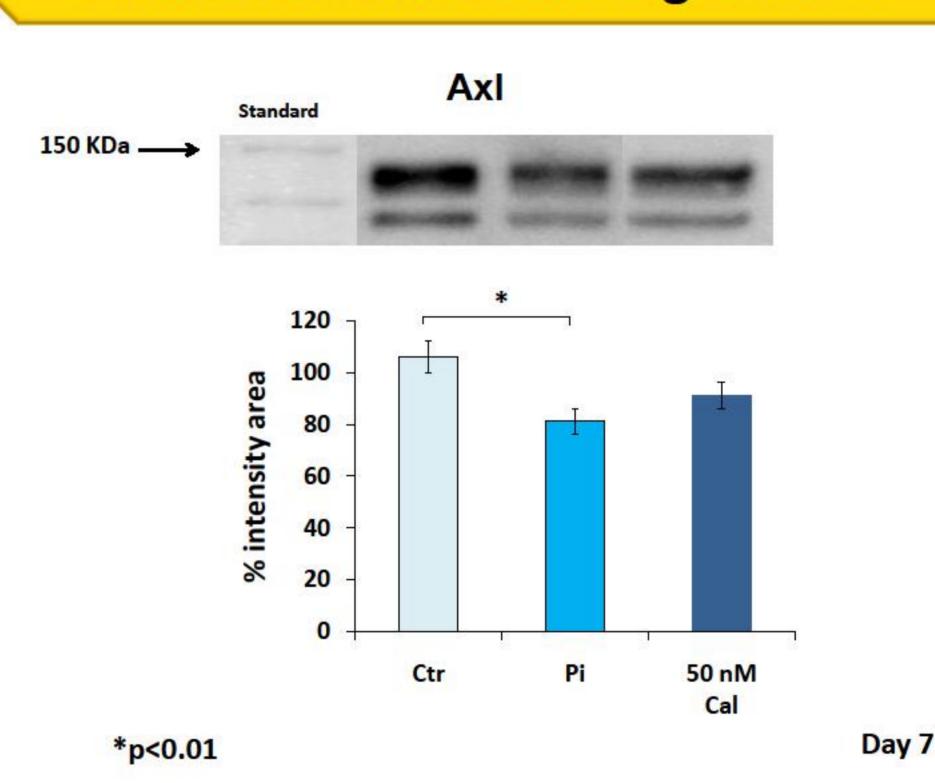


Calindol Reduces High Pi-induced BMP-2 Upregulation, with no Effects on Cbfα1/RUNX2 mRNA Levels

Calindol Induces a Significant Increase in MGP mRNA Levels After Pi Challenge



Calindol Does Not Affect Pi-induced Axl Downregulation



Conclusions

- We demonstrated that the calcimimetic calindol increases MGP gene expression in rat VSMCs
- The inhibitory effect of calindol on VC is probably due to its stimulatory role on the Calcium-Sensing Receptor (CaSR), leading to an increase in the synthesis of MGP by VSMCs
- The increase of MGP in VSMCs pre-treated with calindol may be interpreted as a defensive mechanism against vascular calcification
- Furthermore, calindol reduces high Pi-induced BMP-2 upregulation, with no effects on Cbfα1/RUNX2 mRNA levels, on VSMCs lineage markers expression and on apoptosis

References

- Raggi P, Chertow GM, Torres PU et al. ADVANCE study group. The ADVANCE Study: a randomized study to evaluate the effects of Cinacalcet plus dose vitamin D on vascular calcification in patients on hemodialysis. Nephrol Dial Transplant 2011; 26: 1327-1339.
- Mendoza FJ, Martinez-Moreno J, Almaden Y, Rodriguez-Ortiz ME, Lopez I, Estepa JC, Henley C, Rodriguez M, Aguilera-Tejero E. Effect of calcium and the calcimimetic AMG 641 on matrix-GLA protein in vascular smooth muscle cells. Calcif Tissue Int. 2011;88:169-178.
- Ciceri P, Volpi E, Brenna I, Elli F, Borghi E, Brancaccio D, Cozzolino M. The combination of lanthanum chloride and the calcimimetic calindol delays the progression of vascular smooth muscle cells calcification. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2012 Feb 24;418(4):770-3.
- Ciceri P, Elli F, Brenna I, Volpi E, Brancaccio D, Cozzolino M. The calcimimetic Calindol prevents high phosphate-induced vascular calcification by upregulating matrix GLA protein. Nephron Exp Nephrol. 2013 Mar 28;122 (3-4):75-82.





*p<0.01